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SARALA BIRLA GROUP OF SCHOOLS A CBSE DAY-CUM-BOYS' RESIDENTIAL SCHOOL

PRE MID TERM EXAM, 2025-26 SOCIAL SCIENCE 087

Class: VIII

Date: 01.08.25

Admission no:

Time: 1hr

Max Marks: 25

Roll no:

INSTRUCTION:

- I. Question paper comprises four Sections–A, B,C and D. There are 13 questions in the question paper.
- II. All questions are compulsory.
- III. Section A –Question 1 to 6 are MCQs of 1 mark each.
- IV. Section B–Question no.7 to 10 is Very Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 2marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 20-40 words.
- V. Section C-Question no.11 and 12 are Short Answer Type Questions, carrying 3marks each. Answer to each question should not exceed 40-60 words.
- VI. Section D–Question no.13 is Long Type Question, carrying 5 mark. Answer to this question should not exceed 80-100 words.

SECTION-A

- 1. Assertion (A): The British introduced the Permanent Settlement in 1793.
- Reason (R): They wanted to ensure a regular revenue stream from land.
- a) Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A.
- b) Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A.
- c) A is true, but R is false.
- d) A is false, but R is true.
- 2. Under the Permanent Settlement, who was made responsible for collecting revenue from peasants?1
- a) Ryots
- b) British officials
- c) Zamindars
- d) Village panchayats
- 3. The system where the Company directly collected taxes from the farmers is called:
- a) Permanent Settlement
- b) Ryotwari System
- c) Mahalwari System
- d) Zamindari System
- 4. When did the Indian Constitution come into effect?
- a) 26 January 1947
- b) 26 January 1950
- c) 15 August 1947
- d) 15 August 1950
- 5. Assertion(A)-The Constitution usually contains rules that ensure that minorities are not excluded from anything that is routinely available to the majority.

Reason(R)-Indian Constitution guarantees the right to equality to all persons

 a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A c) A is correct but R is wrong d) A is wrong but R is correct 6. The Constitution of India begins with a: 	1
a) Preamble b) Directive c) Schedule d) Part	•
<u>SECTION –B</u>	
7. What is meant by secularism in the Indian Constitution?8. Mention any two functions of the Constitution.9. Why did the British encourage the cultivation of cash crops in India?10. What was the Indigo Rebellion?	2 2 2 2
SECTION C	
11. Enumerate about the findings of the Indigo Commission.12. Imagine you are living in a newly formed democratic country. Explain why having a Constit would be essential for ensuring the rights and responsibilities of citizens.	3 tution 3
SECTION D	
13. Compare the Ryotwari and Mahalwari systems. What were their key differences?	5
